

1946. VAN ZANDT Co.: 1½ miles west of Wills Point, *Lloyd H. Shinnery* 10830, April 3, 1949.

Doubtless the plant occurs elsewhere in the United States, but has been mistaken for *B. nigra* because of its appressed pods. The above transfer is made with some hesitation, following the lead of Wheeler. Dr. Wheeler admits that his adoption of the name *Erassica kaber* in place of *B. arvensis* (L.) Rabenhorst (not *B. arvensis* L.) is not the result of taxonomic study, but merely of examination of the synonymy given by Schulz in *Das Pflanzenreich*—not necessarily an unimpeachably complete account of all possibly pertinent nomenclatorial data.—LLOYD H. SHINNERS, Southern Methodist University, Dallas, Texas.

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POTAMOGETON OBLONGUS, NOT *P. POLYGONIFOLIUS*.—

POTAMOGETON OBLONGUS Viv. in *Ann. Bot.* i. 62 (1804). *P. polygonifolius* sensu Reichenbach, *Ic. Fl. Germ.* vii. 37 (1845) and later authors, not Pourret in *Mém. Acad. Toul.* iii. 325 (1788).

Mansfeld in Fedde, *Repert.* xlv. 209 (1938), summarizing the situation, concludes that *Potamogeton polygonifolius* belongs to *P. alpinus* Balbis (1804) and that the name *P. oblongus* must be used for the plant which has erroneously passed as *P. polygonifolius*.—M. L. FERNALD.

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